

My 30-Minute Infusion

Making the Most of My "Me Time"

I can imagine that a lot of people would love having time carved out of their day to enjoy personal time. For me, my personal time looks like reading with a warm blanket tucked around me. With the exception of having spare time while riding on a plane, I hadn't had time to read in decades! But suddenly, there I was in the cancer center with "me time" on my hands, going through chemotherapy.

Being diagnosed with metastatic cutaneous squamous cell carcinoma (CSCC), or cancer that has spread, came as a surprise, to say the least. Talk about someone's head spinning; until you've been there, you have no idea what those words really mean once they sink in.

I was glad to have a treatment plan, though. I like to have everything laid out, and I can work out a plan!

What is LIBTAYO?

LIBTAYO is a prescription medicine used to treat people with a type of skin cancer called cutaneous squamous cell carcinoma (CSCC) that has spread or cannot be cured by surgery or radiation.

It is not known if LIBTAYO is safe and effective in children.

Important Safety Information

What is the most important information I should know about LIBTAYO?

LIBTAYO is a medicine that may treat certain cancers by working with your immune system. LIBTAYO can cause your immune system to attack normal organs and tissues in any area of your body and can affect the way they work. These problems can sometimes become severe or life-threatening and can lead to death. You can have more than one of these problems at the same time. These problems may happen anytime during treatment or even after your treatment has ended.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and <u>click here for</u> <u>full Prescribing Information</u>, including <u>Medication Guide</u>.





By the time we knew exactly what we were facing, metastatic CSCC, I was determined to find the good in this experience.

After talking with my healthcare team about the risks and benefits, my doctor and I decided that an immunotherapy called LIBTAYO was an appropriate option for me. Now, Ken doesn't come with me to my treatments anymore. With this infusion, I spend less time receiving treatment.

Your healthcare provider will give you LIBTAYO into your vein through an intravenous (IV) line over 30 minutes. LIBTAYO is usually given every three weeks. Your healthcare provider will decide how many treatments you will need and will do blood tests to check you for side effects.

When I get my infusions of LIBTAYO, I still get to see familiar faces; I follow a process. They always have my favorite chair waiting for me with everything set up. I go by myself and I sit there quietly for half an hour, and my treatment is done.

Important Safety Information (continued)

Call or see your healthcare provider right away if you develop any new or worsening signs or symptoms, including:

- Lung problems: cough, shortness of breath, or chest pain
- Intestinal problems: diarrhea (loose stools) or more frequent bowel movements than usual, stools that are black, tarry, sticky or have blood or mucus, or severe stomach-area (abdomen) pain or tenderness
- Liver problems: yellowing of your skin or the whites of your eyes, severe nausea or vomiting, pain on the right side of your stomach-area (abdomen), dark urine (tea colored), or bleeding or bruising more easily than normal
- Hormone gland problems: headache that will not go away or unusual headaches, eye sensitivity to light, eye problems, rapid heartbeat, increased sweating, extreme tiredness, weight gain or weight loss, feeling more hungry or thirsty than usual, urinating more often than usual, hair loss, feeling cold, constipation, your voice gets deeper, dizziness or fainting, or changes in mood or behavior, such as decreased sex drive, irritability, or forgetfulness
- **Kidney problems:** decrease in your amount of urine, blood in your urine, swelling of your ankles, or loss of appetite
- Skin problems: rash, itching, skin blistering or peeling, painful sores or ulcers in mouth or nose, throat, or genital area, fever or flu-like symptoms, or swollen lymph nodes

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After all I have been through with metastatic CSCC, I have strengthened my bonds with my family and friends. We have deeper conversations than before. We talk about more meaningful topics than just work and what we are doing this weekend.

I've led a very busy life, and being diagnosed with metastatic CSCC caused me to pause in a way I would not otherwise have thought to do. Living with this condition was not my idea of a good time, but I am glad to have found the silver linings.

Important Safety Information (continued)

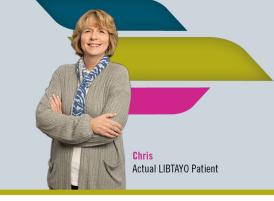
Call or see your healthcare provider right away if you develop any new or worsening signs or symptoms, including (continued):

- Problems can also happen in other organs and tissues. These are not all of the signs and symptoms of immune system problems that can happen with LIBTAYO. Call or see your healthcare provider right away for any new or worsening signs or symptoms, which may include: chest pain, irregular heartbeat, shortness of breath or swelling of ankles, confusion, sleepiness, memory problems, changes in mood or behavior, stiff neck, balance problems, tingling or numbness of the arms or legs, double vision, blurry vision, sensitivity to light, eye pain, changes in eyesight, persistent or severe muscle pain or weakness, muscle cramps, low red blood cells, or bruising
- Infusion reactions that can sometimes be severe or life-threatening. Signs and symptoms of infusion reactions may include: nausea, vomiting, chills or shaking, itching or rash, flushing, shortness of breath or wheezing, dizziness, feel like passing out, fever, back or neck pain, or facial swelling
- **Rejection of a transplanted organ.** Your healthcare provider should tell you what signs and symptoms you should report and monitor you, depending on the type of organ transplant that you have had
- Complications, including graft-versus-host disease (GVHD), in people who have received a bone marrow (stem cell) transplant that uses donor stem cells (allogeneic). These complications can be serious and can lead to death. These complications may happen if you underwent transplantation either before or after being treated with LIBTAYO. Your healthcare provider will monitor you for these complications

Getting medical treatment right away may help keep these problems from becoming more serious. Your healthcare provider will check you for these problems during your treatment with LIBTAYO. Your healthcare provider may treat you with corticosteroid or hormone replacement medicines. Your healthcare provider may also need to delay or completely stop treatment with LIBTAYO if you have severe side effects.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and <u>click here for</u> <u>full Prescribing Information</u>, including <u>Medication Guide</u>.





Important Safety Information (continued)

Before you receive LIBTAYO, tell your healthcare provider about all your medical conditions, including if you:

- have immune system problems such as Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, or lupus
- have received an organ transplant
- have received or plan to receive a stem cell transplant that uses donor stem cells (allogeneic)
- have received radiation treatment to your chest area
- have a condition that affects your nervous system, such as myasthenia gravis or Guillain-Barré syndrome
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. LIBTAYO can harm your unborn baby **Females who are able to become pregnant:**
 - Your healthcare provider will give you a pregnancy test before you start treatment
 - You should use an effective method of birth control during your treatment and for at least 4 months after your last dose of LIBTAYO. Talk to your healthcare provider about birth control methods that you can use during this time
 - Tell your healthcare provider right away if you become pregnant or think you may be pregnant during treatment with LIBTAYO
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if LIBTAYO passes into your breast milk. Do not breastfeed during treatment and for at least 4 months after the last dose of LIBTAYO

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

The most common side effects of LIBTAYO when used alone include tiredness, muscle or bone pain, rash, diarrhea, and low levels of red blood cells (anemia). The most common side effects of LIBTAYO when used in combination with platinum-containing chemotherapy include hair loss, muscle or bone pain, nausea, tiredness, numbness, pain, tingling, or burning in your hands or feet, and decreased appetite. These are not all the possible side effects of LIBTAYO. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088. You may also report side effects to Regeneron Pharmaceuticals at 1-877-542-8296.

Please <u>click here for full Prescribing Information</u>, including <u>Medication Guide</u>.

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